

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Period: \_\_\_\_\_

## **Chapter 29 Study Guide**

### **The Emergence of the Cold War**

1. Who declared that the Western countries (Allied powers) were enemies of the Soviet Union in 1946?
2. Who declared that an “Iron Curtain” had descended on Europe?
3. What American policy was adopted to resist the extension of Soviet expansion?
4. What doctrine did the United States adopt to fight Communism financially instead of militarily?
5. Which two countries received support from the United States under this doctrine?
6. Which United States postwar program sought to rebuild and influence Europe through economic aid?
7. List two result of the Marshall Plan according to statist:
8. Which country established a mutual support system with Europe through the Marshall Plan, thus strengthening its diplomatic ties with this region?
9. Which political movement in Italy, France, and West Germany worked to keep Communism out of those countries?
10. What Soviet organization sought to spread Communism throughout the world?
11. Which communist country freed itself from Soviet domination?
12. Who was the leader of this country?
13. Who enacted a policy of intense tightening of control over subject governments in Eastern Europe following the loss of Yugoslavia?
14. Which country was separated into two states?
15. List the four countries that occupied Germany after World War II:
16. Which country blockaded Berlin from the rest of Europe?
17. What event took place in response to this blockade?
18. What city would remain a central fixture in the geopolitics of the Cold War until 1989?
19. What alliance was created between the United States and Western Europe in 1949?
20. What did the Soviet Union establish in 1955 in response to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization?
21. What is the name of the ideological and geographical struggle between the United States and its allies and the U.S.S.R. and its allies that began after World War II?
22. How long did this struggle last?
23. Which state was created in 1948 and intensified the Cold War conflict?
24. What war took place from 1950 to 1953 in Asia that involved United States forces under the leadership of the United Nations against communist forces back by the Soviet Union?

### **The Khrushchev Era in the Soviet Union**

25. Who became the leader of the Soviet Union upon the death of Joseph Stalin?
26. Which era in the Soviet Union witnessed a retreat from Stalinism?
27. Which Egyptian leader nationalized the Suez Canal in 1956?
28. Which two European countries intervened militarily upon the nationalization of the Suez Canal?
29. Which Polish leader halted collectivization in 1956?
30. Which leader sought to make Hungary independent from the Soviet Union?
31. What uprising took place in 1956 and resulted in Soviet invasion and the execution of Imre Nagy?
32. List the three crises of 1956:

### **Later Cold War Confrontations**

33. What was the first manmade satellite to orbit the earth?
34. Which American president refused to apologize for spying on the Soviet Union?
35. Which Soviet leader would not attend the Paris Summit Conference because of Eisenhower's refusal to apologize?
36. What did Soviets build in 1961 to keep East Germans from fleeing Communism?
37. Who took control of Cuba in 1959?
38. Who was president of the United States during the Cuban Missile Crisis?
39. What did the Soviet Union build in Cuba?
40. What convinced the world that Cuba threatened the United States?
41. Which region was threatened during the Cuban Missile Crisis?

### **The Brezhnev Era**

42. Who became the leader of the Soviet Union after Khrushchev was forced to resign in 1964?
43. What governmental reform movement took place in Czechoslovakia in 1968?
44. Who began to experiment with a more liberal communism in Czechoslovakia?
45. What country invaded Czechoslovakia in 1968, and crushed the newly implemented reforms, and replaced Alexander Dubcek?
46. What Soviet doctrine declared that Russia can interfere in the affairs of other communist countries?
47. What policy did the United States adopt under Nixon towards the Soviet Union?
48. What conference represented a step forward in recognizing human rights in Eastern Europe?
49. Who was President of the United States during this conference?
50. Who was given funds and weapons by the Soviet Union to be used against Israel?

51. Which country did the Soviet Union invade in 1979?
52. What did the United States boycott because of this invasion?
53. Which United States agency became involved in the Afghanistan conflict?
54. What other country felt threatened by the invasion?
55. How many Soviet troops were killed every year during this conflict?
56. What did this conflict do to Soviet financial and military resources?
57. Whose appointment was a key factor in Poland's resistance to communist control?
58. Who led the strikes in Poland in 1980?
59. What was the name of the labor union in Poland?
60. Who became the head of the Polish Communist Party and imposed martial law in December 1981?
61. Which United States President labeled the Soviet Union as an "evil empire"?
62. Which embargo did the United States relax with the Soviet Union in the early 1980's?
63. What spending did the Reagan administration increase during the Cold War?
64. What did the Reagan administration slow down during the Cold War?
65. What was the United States Strategic Defense Initiative called?
66. Which countries defense spending increased in order to compete with that of the United States?
67. What did the increase in defense spending do to the Soviet Union?

### **Decolonization: The European Retreat from Empire**

68. What term refers to the departure of European powers from colonial rule?
69. Which major imperial power sought to sever ties with its colonies?

### **The Collapse of European Communism**

70. Who governed the Soviet Union from 1964 to 1982?
71. What were his policies like?
72. Who were the two immediate successors to Leonid Brezhnev?
73. What does *Perestroika* mean?
74. Which Soviet Union leader's economic policies were considered a failure?
75. What does *Glasnost* mean?
76. List four results from *Glasnost*:

77. What political party played a key role in Poland's political reform?
78. Which country opened its borders to Austria in 1989?
79. Who moved through Hungary and Austria to get to West Germany?
80. When did the Berlin Wall collapse?
81. Which West German leader sought the unification of Germany?
82. Who led the revolution in Czechoslovakia?
83. What was the only revolution of 1989 that involved significant violence?
84. Who refused to intervene militarily in the revolutions of 1989?
85. What did the Central Committee of the Soviet Communist decide to allow in 1990?
86. List the three Baltic countries that sought to decrease Soviet control:
87. Which Russian leader led the opposition against Gorbachev in early 1991?
88. What big event preceded Gorbachev's exit from Soviet political life?
89. The collapse of communism and the Soviet Union occurred under which Soviet leader?
90. Who was the dominant political leader in Russia after the failure of the August 1991 coup?
91. When did the Soviet Union cease to exist?
92. How many countries joined the Commonwealth of Independent States after the breakup of the Soviet Union?
93. Who became the President of Russia after Boris Yeltsin?

### **The Collapse of Yugoslavia and Civil War**

94. What country was created after World War I?
95. Which ethnic groups in Yugoslavia were Catholic and used the Latin alphabet?
96. Which ethnic groups in Yugoslavia were Eastern Orthodox and used the Cyrillic alphabet?
97. Which ethnic groups in Yugoslavia were Muslim?
98. What war took place before the breakup of Yugoslavia?
99. Which Serbian leader was removed from power in 2000?

### **A Transformed West**

100. List the three countries that were added to NATO in 2004: